

MINISTRY of ECONOMY

ECONOMIC OUTLOOK

AUGUST 2015

Recent Update: 08/26/2015





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A- MACROECONOMIC OUTLOOK





	Growth Forecast for Selected Countries/Country Groups(%)								
				Euro					
		World	Turkey	Area	US	Brazil	Russia	India	China
	2015	3,5	3,1	1,5	3,1	-1,0	-3,8	7,5	6,8
IMF	2016	3,8	3,6	1,6	3,1	1,0	-1,1	7,5	6,3
OECD	2015	3,1	3,1	1,4	2,0	-0,8	-3,1	6,9	6,8
UECD	2016	3,8	3,9	2,1	2,8	1,1	0,8	7,6	6,7
	2015	2,8	3,0	1,5	2,7	-1,3	-2,9	7,5	7,1
WB	2016	3,3	3,9	1,8	2,8	1,1	0,1	7,9	7,0

Source: IMF, OECD, WB

In 2014, Turkish economy grew by 2.9%.

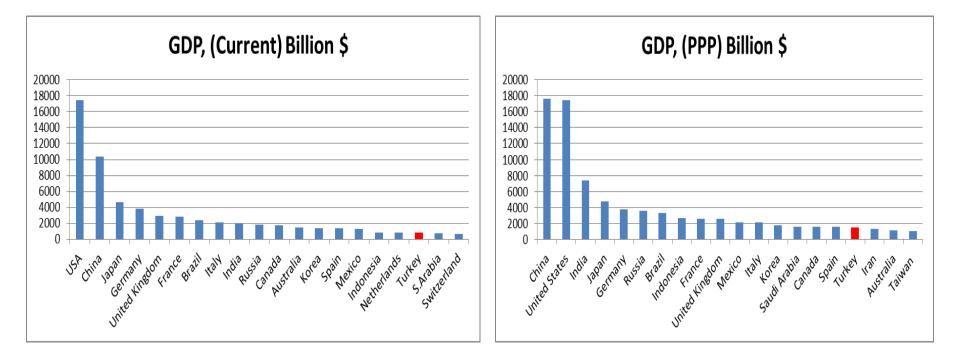
According to the IMF, Turkish Economy is expected to grow by 3.1% in 2015 and 3,6% in 2016

	Forecasts for Merchandise Trade Growth(%)										
		Ехр	orts	Impor	ts	World Trade					
	Years	Advanced Economies	Emerging Economies	Advanced Economies	Emerging Economies	Volume					
	2015	3,2	5,3	3,3	3,5	3,7					
IMF	2016	4,1	5,7	4,3	5,5	4,7					
WTO	2015	3,2	3,6	3,2	3,4	3,3					
	2016	4,4	4,1	3,5	5,0	4,0					

Source: IMF and WTO

- According to the IMF estimates, global trade volume of merchandise and services is expected to increase by 3,7% in in 2015 and 4,7% in 2016.
- According to the WTO estimates, global trade volume of merchandise and services is expected to increase by 3,3% in 2015 and 4% in 2016.





Source: IMF

Turkey ranks as the 18th largest economy in the World and 7th in Europe.

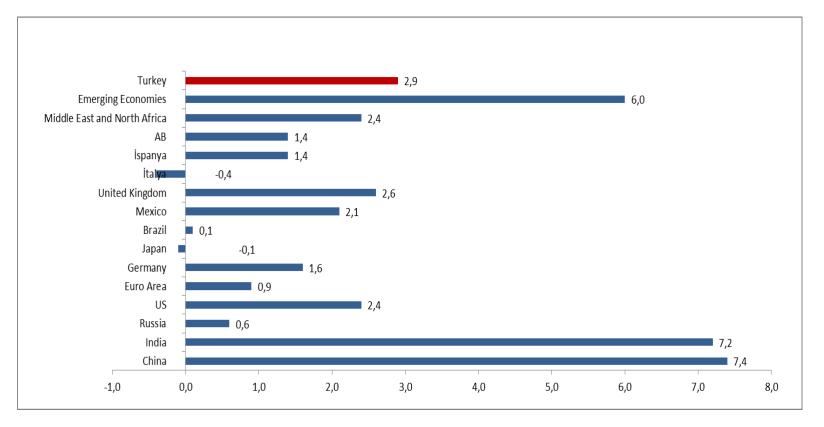


	2013*	2014*	2015	2016	2017
GDP (Billion \$, Current Prices)	823	800	850	907	971
GDP Per Capita(\$)	10.822	10.404	10.936	11.541	12.229
Real GDP Growth	4,2	2,9	4,0	5,0	5,0
Unemployment Rate(%)	9,0	9,9	9,5	9,2	9,1
Tourism Income (Billion \$)	28	34,0	31,5	33,5	35,5
Current Account Balance (Billion \$)	-64,7	-45,8	-46,0	-49,2	-50,7
Current Account Balance/GDP(%)	-7,9	-5,7	-5,4	-5,4	-5,2

*Actual (Medium Term Program, Ministry of Development)

Medium Term Program, which covers 2015-2017 period aims to increase growth performance while continuing to reduce the current account deficit gradually and reaching the inflation target and thus strengthen the macroeconomic and financial stability



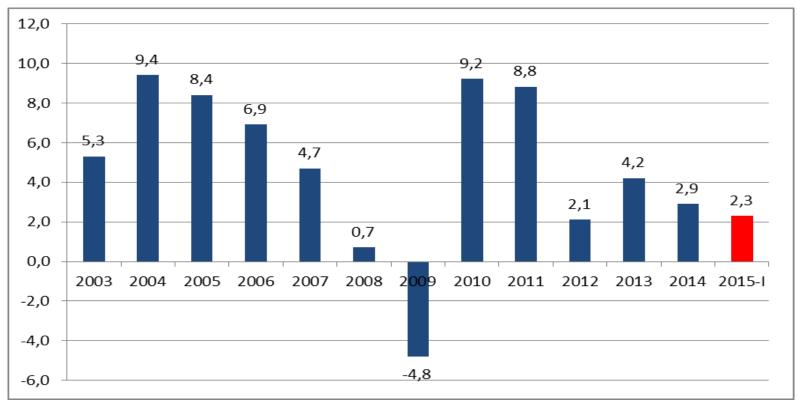


Source: TURKSTAT, IMF

Turkish Economy expanded by 4.2% in 2013 and 2.9% in 2014.



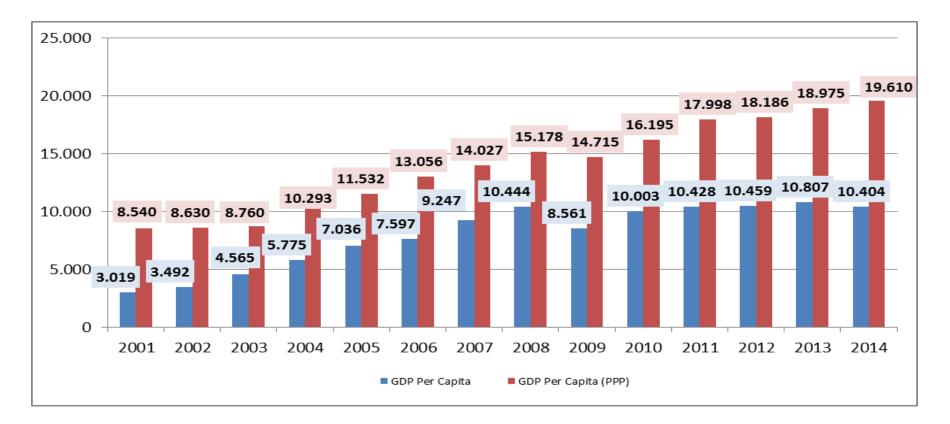
Economic Growth Rates (2002-2015)



- Mean annual growth rate between 2003 and 2014 was 4,9%.
- **GDP growth for 1st quarter of 2015 was realized at %2,3.**

GDP Per Capita

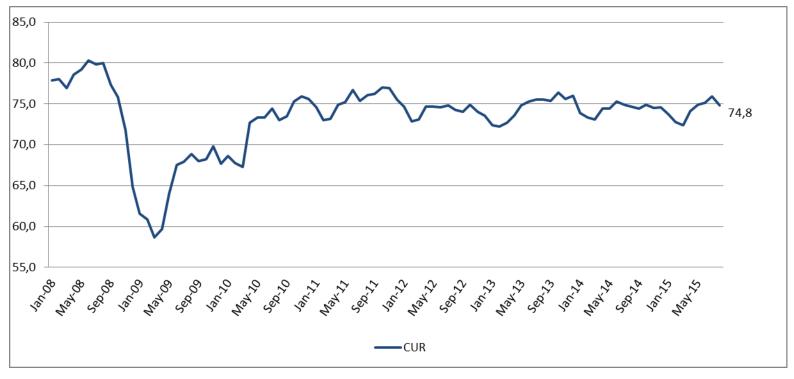




Source: Dollar value is from TURKSTAT, PPP value from World Bank & IMF

Since 2002 GDP per capita has tripled from 3,492 USD to 10,807 USD in 2014. In PPP terms, GDP per capita exceeded 19 thousand USD in 2014.



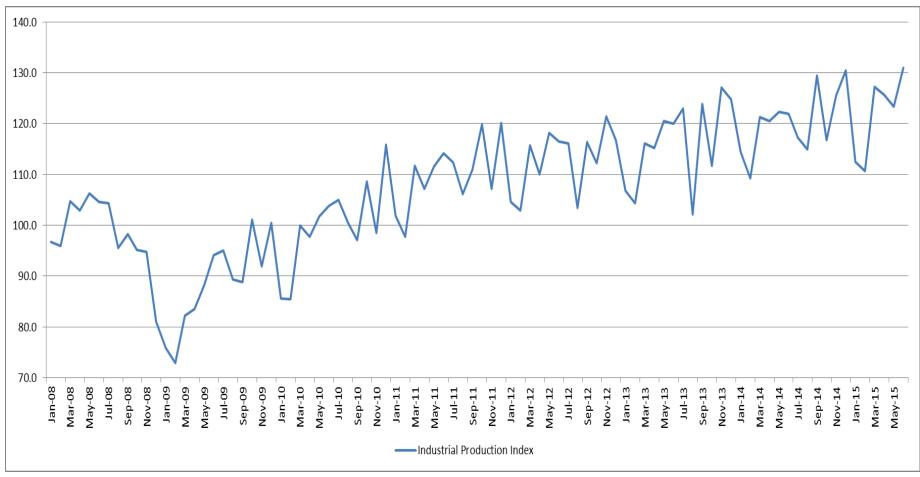


Source: CBRT

Capacity utilization ratio in August 2015, 0.1 points up compared to previous year's same period, realized at 74.8%



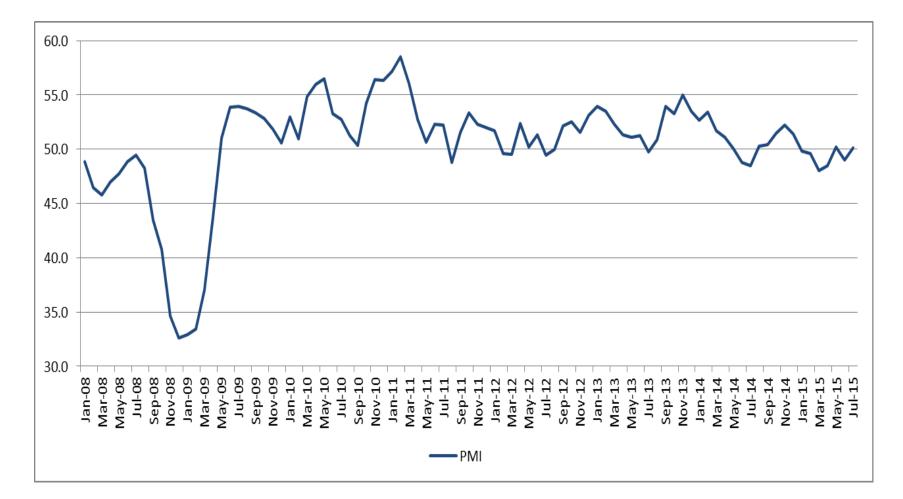
Industrial Production Index (2010=100)



Source: TURKSTAT

Industrial production index increased by 6.2% year-over-year to 131 (2010=100) in June 2015.

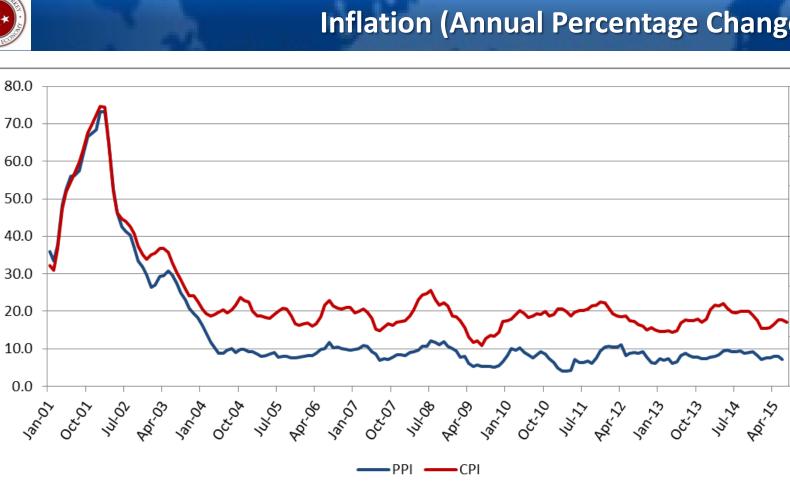




PMI increased to 50.1 in July 2015, above the previous month's level.

August 2015

Inflation (Annual Percentage Change)



Source: TURKSTAT

Inflation in July 2015 was realized as 6.2% and 5.6% according to CPI and \succ **PPI**, respectively.

100

80

60

40

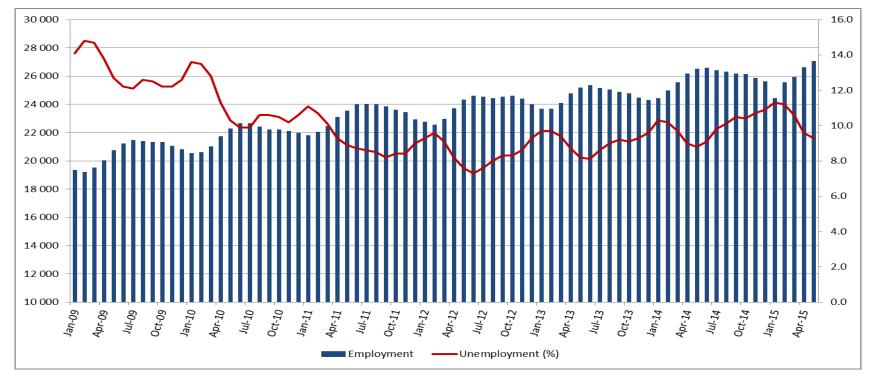
20

0

-20

Unemployment Rates (%)

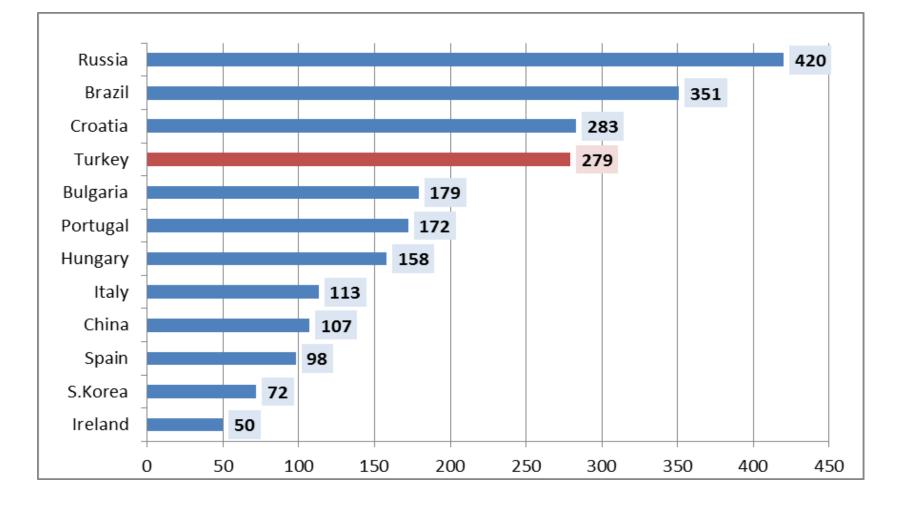




- > In May 2015, unemployment rate was 9.3% . In 2014, unemployment rate was 9.9%.
- Seasonally adjusted unemployment rate in Euro Area was 11.1% and 9.6% in (EU28) in June 2015. In terms of unemployment ratio Turkey outperformed 11 EU members according to current data.
- After Russia, Germany, England and France, Turkey has the 5th largest labor force among the European countries. (2013, World Bank)



CDS Premiums (August 25th, 2015)



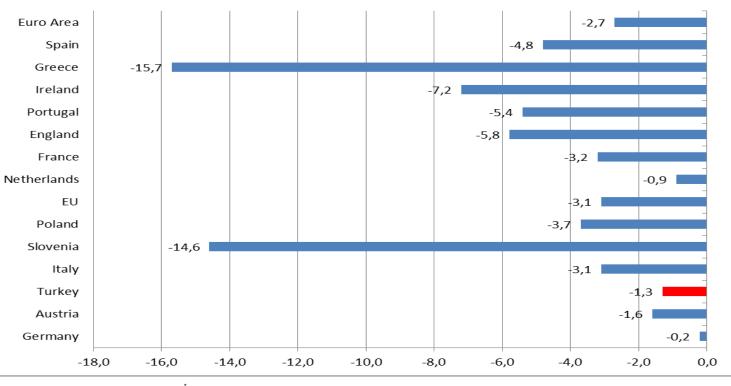
Source: DB Research

* Higher CDS premiums indicate higher risk levels.

August 2015



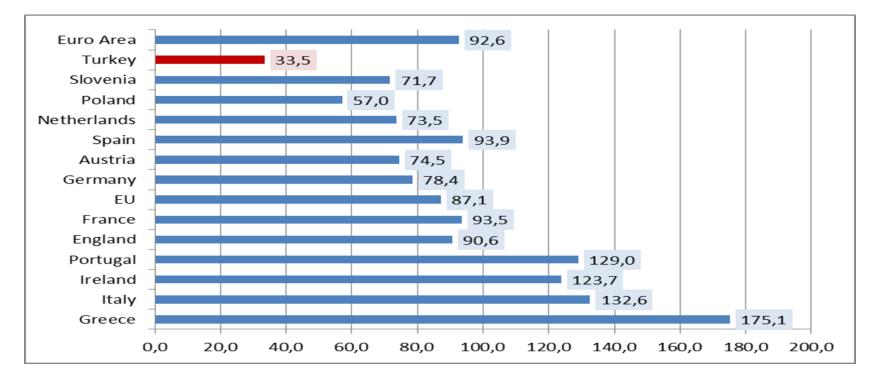
Central Government Budget Deficit/ GDP (%)



Source: Eurostat, TUİK * 2014

- Central government budget deficit/GDP ratio was 1.2% in Turkey in 2013 and Turkey complied with the Maastricht criteria of 3%. Turkey also outperformed 22 EU Countries. For the year 2014, the same ratio was realized at %1.3
- In January-May 2015 period, central government budget deficit is 2,4 billion TL which was 2,8 billion TL deficit in the same period of 2014.





Source: Eurostat *2014

- Debt/GDP ratio of Turkey was 36.2% in 2013 which was below the level in the Maastricht Criterion (60%). Turkey also outperformed 25 EU countries.
- In 2014, same ratio is realized at %33.5



B- FOREIGN TRADE OUTLOOK

August 2015



I) MERCHANDISE

August 2015



(Billion \$)	2013*	2014*	2015**	2016**	2017**	2023***
Exports	151.8	157.6	173.0	187.4	203.4	500.0
Imports	251.7	242.2	258.0	276.8	297.5	625.0
Volume of trade	403.5	399.8	431.0	464.2	500.9	1125.0
Balance of trade	-99.9	-84.5	-85.0	-89.4	-94.1	-125.0
Exports/Imports (%)	60.3	65.1	67.1	67.7	68.4	80.0

* Actual (Source: TURKSTAT)

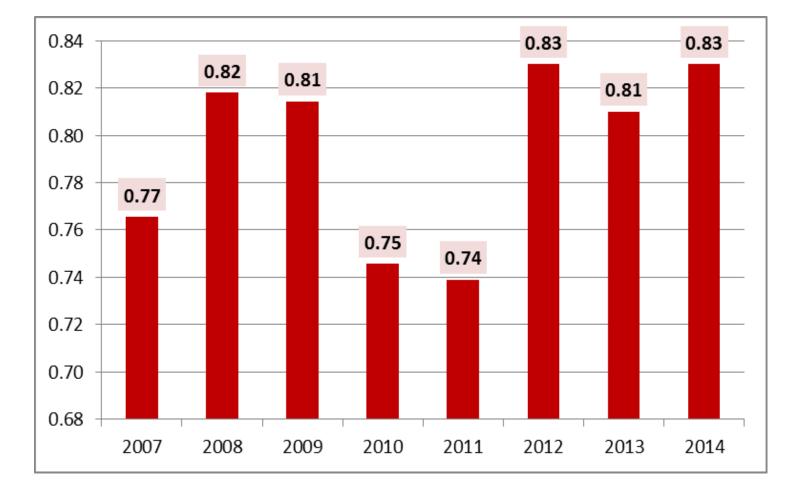
**Forecast: Medium Term Programme, Ministry of

Development, 2015-2017)

***The Exports Strategy of Turkey For 2023



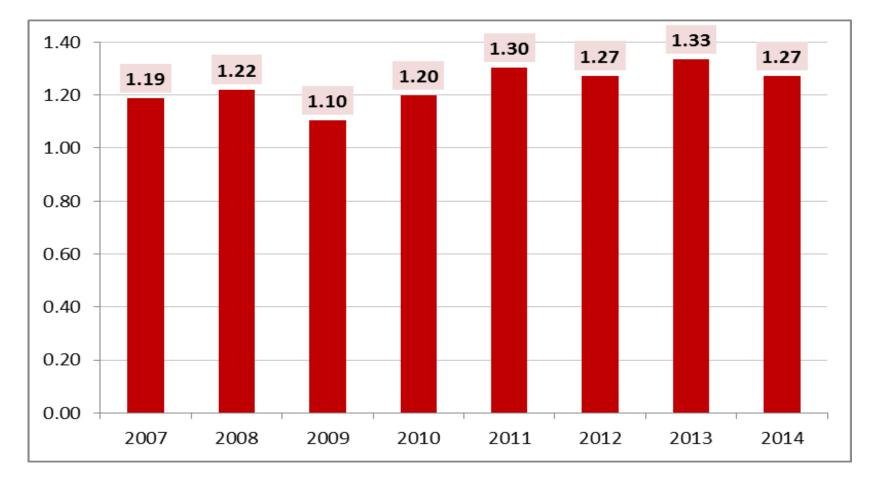
Turkey's Share in Global Merchandise Exports (%)



Turkey's share in global merchandise exports was %0.83 in 2014.



Turkey's Share in Global Merchandise Imports (%)



Turkey's share in global merchandise imports was %1.27 in 2014.



	Annual (Billion \$)	Periodic (Bil	Periodic (Billion Dollar)			
	2013	2014	2014 / (JAN-JUNE)	2015 / (JAN - JUNE)	Change (%) 2014/2015		
Export	151.8	157.6	80.1	73.5	-8.2		
Energy Export*	6.7	6.1	2.8	2.4	-16.8		
Gold Export	3.3	3.2	2.7	5.6	109.1		
Import	251.7	242.2	119.8	106.7	-10.9		
Energy Import*	55.9	54.9	27.4	20.6	-24.6		
Gold Import	15.1	7.1	3.0	1.3	-57.7		
Foreign Trade Volume	403.5	399.8	199.9	180.3	-9.8		
Foreign Trade Balance	-99.9	-84.6	-39.7	-33.2	-16.3		
Balance excl. Energy	-50.7	-35.8	-15.2	-15.0	-1.5		
Export/Import (%)	60.3	65.1	67.9	69.5	2.4		

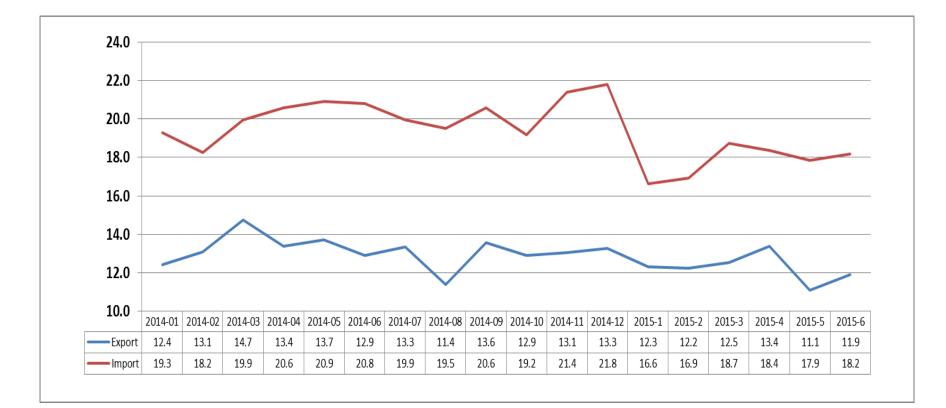
* Energy corresponds to Chapter 27.

Source: Ministry of Economy

➢ In first six months of 2015, compared to the same period of 2014, exports decreased by 8.2% and imports decreased by 10.9%.

Monthly Exports and Imports





➢ In June, 2015 compared to the same month of 2014, exports have decreased by 6.9% and realized as 11.9 billion dollars and imports have decreased by 12.5% down to the level of 18.2 billion dollars.

EXPORT

		June					
EXPORT (Million \$)	2014 June	2015 June	Change (%)	2014	2015	Change (%)	Share %
Investment Goods	1.423	1.336	-6,1	8.074	7.403	-9,1	10,1
Intermediate Goods	6.162	5.448	-11,6	39.657	36.692	-8,1	49,9
Consumption Goods	5.180	5.159	-0,4	31.913	29.075	-9,8	39,6
Others	116	52	-55,4	423	342	-23,7	0,5
TOTAL	12.881	11.996	-6,9	80.067	73.512	-8,2	100

IMPORT

	Ju	ne	Change (%)		January-Ju	ine	
IMPORT (Milyon \$)	2014	2015		2014	2015	Change (%)	Share
Investment Goods	2.927	3.053	4,3	17.749	17.662	-0,5	16,5
Intermediate Goods	15.441	12.484	-19,2	87.733	74.593	-15,0	69,9
Consumption Goods	2.359	2.624	11,2	14.052	14.260	1,5	13,4
Others	63	39	-38,1	249	228	-8,4	0,2
TOTAL	20.790	18.200	-12,46	119.783	106.743	-10,9	100



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		Million Dollar	EXPO	ORTS	IMPO	ORTS	BAL	ANCE	CHANGE %
Rank	Code	Periodic (January-June)	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014/2015
1	87	VEHICLE OTHER THAN RAILWAY OR TRAMWAY	9.414	8.618	7.120	8.469	2.294	148	-8,5
2	71	PEARLS, PRECIOUS STONES, PRECIOUS METALS	4.624	7.592	3.544	1.694	1.080	5.898	64,2
3	84	BOILERS, MACHINERY AND MECHANICAL APPLIANCES	6.902	6.135	14.066	12.869	-7.165	-6.734	-11,1
4	61	KNITTED AND CROCHETED GOODS AND ARTICLES THEREOF	4.973	4.230	452	400	4.521	3.830	-14,9
5	85	ELECTRICAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT, PARTS THEREOF	4.792	3.995	8.685	8.811	-3.893	-4.816	-16,6
6	72	IRON AND STEEL	4.973	3.582	8.883	7.902	-3.911	-4.321	-28,0
7	62	NON KNITTED AND CROCHETED GOODS AND ARTICLES THEREOF	3.196	2.922	873	823	2.323	2.098	-8,6
8	73	ARTICLES OF IRON AND STEEL	3.230	2.825	1.311	1.310	1.919	1.515	-12,5
9	39	PLASTIC AND ARTICLES THEREOF	3.076	2.680	7.254	6.234	-4.178	-3.554	-12,9
10	27	MINERAL FUELS AND MINERALS OILS	2.832	2.356	27.357	20.631	-24.525	-18.274	-16,8
		List Total	48.012	44.934	79.546	69.143	-31.534	-24.209	-6,4
		Total	80.067	73.512	119.785	106.746	-39.717	-33.234	-8,2

* Ranking is done in line with the annual change in imports in 2015.



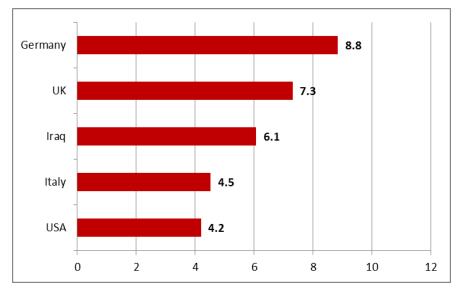


	Million Dollar				EXPORT		BALANCE		CHANGE %
Rank	Code	Periodic (January-June)	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014	2015	2014/2015
1	27	MINERAL FUELS AND MINERALS OILS	27,356	20,630	2,831	2,356	-24,525	-18,274	-24.6
2	84	BOILERS, MACHINERY AND MECHANICAL APPLIANCES, PARTS THEREOF	14,066	12,868	6,901	6,135	-7,165	-6,733	-8.5
3	85	ELECTRICAL MACHINERY AND EQUIPMENT, PARTS THEREOF	8,685	8,810	4,792	3,994	-3,893	-4,816	1.4
4	87	VEHICLE OTHER THAN RAILWAY OR TRAMWAY ROLLING-STOCK, PARTS THEREOF	7,120	8,469	9,414	8,617	2,294	148	18.9
5	72	IRON AND STEEL	8,883	7,902	4,972	3,581	-3,911	-4,321	-11.0
6	39	PLASTIC AND ARTICLES THEREOF	7,253	6,234	3,075	2,680	-4,178	-3,554	-14.0
7	29	ORGANIC CHEMICALS	2,875	2,491	304	233	-2,571	-2,258	-13.4
8	90	OPTICAL, PHOTOGRAPHIC, CINEMATOGRAPHIC, MEASURING CHECKING, PRECISION	2,334	2,342	343	349	-1,991	-1,993	0.3
9	88	AIRCRAFT AND PARTS THEREOF	1,594	2,078	290	328	-1,304	-1,750	30.4
10	30	PHARMACEUTICAL PRODUCTS	2,116	2,018	399	417	-1,717	-1,601	-4.6
		List Total	82,282	73,842	33,321	28,690	-48,961	-45,152	-10.3
		Total	119,784	106,746	80,067	73,512	-39,717	-33,234	-10.9

* Ranking is done in line with the annual change in imports in 2015.

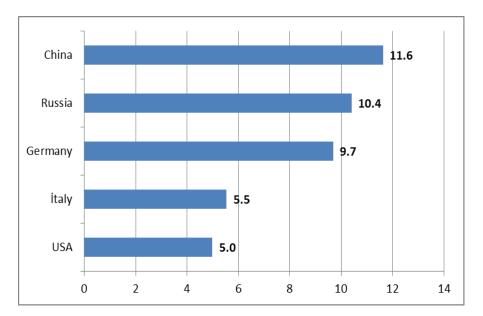


Main Export Partners (Share,%)



Source: TURKSTAT

Main Import Partners (Share,%)



Exports by Regions

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	January-June				
(Million \$)	2014	Share (%)	2015	Share (%)	Change (%)
A- EU (28)	34.8	43.4	31.3	42.6	-10.0
B- FREE ZONES IN TURKEY	1.2	1.5	1.0	1.3	-15.2
C- OTHER COUNTRIES	44.1	55.1	41.2	56.1	-6.6
1- OTHER EUROPE	8.4	10.4	8.2	11.2	-1.7
2- AFRICA	7.2	9.1	6.3	8.6	-12.6
North Africa	5.2	6.5	4.4	5.9	-15.8
Other Africa	2.0	2.5	1.9	2.6	-4.6
3- AMERICA	4.8	6.0	4.6	6.2	-5.1
North America	3.4	4.2	3.5	4.7	2.1
Central America And Caraips	0.5	0.6	0.4	0.6	-15.9
South America	0.9	1.2	0.7	0.9	-25.8
4- ASIA	23.4	29.3	21.8	29.6	-7.0
Near And Middle Eastern	17.7	22.2	16.5	22.4	-7.2
Other Asia	5.7	7.1	5.3	7.2	-6.3
5- AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND	0.3	0.4	0.3	0.4	9.2
6- OTHER COUNTRIES AND REGIONS	0.0	0.1	0.0	0.1	3.1
TOTAL	80.1	100.0	73.5	100.0	-8.2





	January-June				
(Million \$)	2014	Share (%)	2015	Share (%)	Change (%)
A- EU (28)	44.38	37.05	40.06	37.53	8.12
B- FREE ZONES IN TURKEY	0.67	0.56	0.62	0.58	11.76
C- OTHER COUNTRIES	74.74	62.39	66.07	61.89	5.89
1- OTHER EUROPE	18.51	15.45	15.02	14.07	-2.81
2- AFRICA	2.89	2.42	2.51	2.35	3.97
North Africa	1.72	1.44	1.44	1.35	0.05
Other Africa	1.17	0.98	1.07	1.01	9.71
3- AMERICA	9.21	7.65	8.59	8.05	12.39
North America	6.99	5.84	6.39	5.98	9.44
Central America And Caraips	0.47	0.39	0.52	0.49	33.64
South America	1.75	1.46	1.68	1.58	15.21
4- ASIA	37.52	31.32	34.36	500.93	9.70
Near And Middle Eastern	10.11	8.44	7.32	6.86	-13.26
Other Asia	27.41	22.88	27.03	25.33	18.15
5- AUSTRALIA AND NEW ZEALAND	0.23	0.19	0.21	0.19	8.69
6- OTHER COUNTRIES AND REGIONS	6.38	5.33	5.39	5.04	1.07
TOTAL	119.78	100.00	106.75	100.00	6.75



2) SERVICES



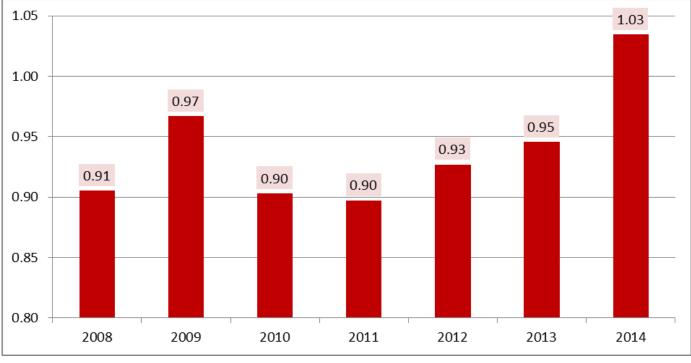


In the scope of 2023 Strategy for Commercial Services;

➤To increase the share from the world's commercial trade

➢ To reach 150 billion USD of service exports

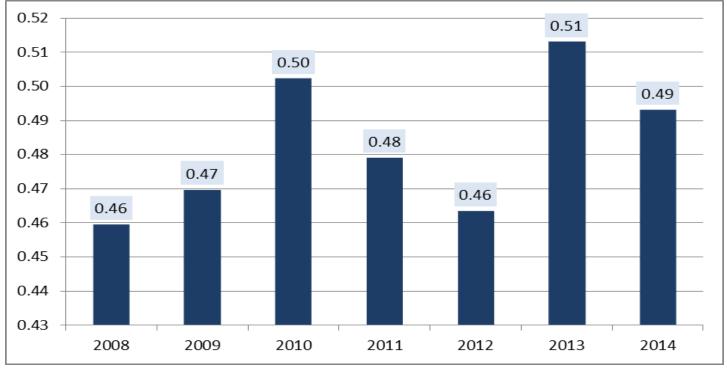




Source: WTO

> Turkey's share in global exports of services was 1.03% in 2014.





Source: WTO

> Turkey's share in global imports of services was 0.49% in 2014.

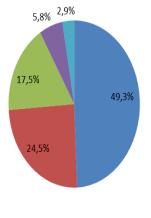


Years	Projects	Countries	Project Volume (Million \$)	Cum. Project Volume (Million \$)	Avr. Project Volume (Million \$)		
1971-2001	2256	48	46,584	46,584	21		
2002	208	34	4,127	50,711	20		
2003	343	35	6,401	57,112	19		
2004	476	37	8,460	65,573	18		
2005	451	33	13,245	78,818	29		
2006	575	35	22,205	101,023	39		
2007	610	45	25,122	126,145	41		
2008	657	40	23,874	150,019	36		
2009	512	45	20,189	170,207	39		
2010	624	50	23,446	193,653	38		
2011	552	53	23,027	216,680	42		
2012	533	49	29,741	246,421	56		
2013	416	49	30,162	276,582	73		
2014	323	48	27,020	303,602	84		
2015	75	24	10,056	313,658	134		
Last updated on July 2015							

42 out of the world's top 250 contracting companies are Turkish.

Turkey ranks as the 2nd country (following China) in terms of the number of top contracting companies. Contributions to the overall economic performance: Creating foreign exchange inflow, exports, employment, technology transfer; adding to the machinery stock, facilitating internationalization

Regional Breakdown of Projects(%)



CIS Middle East Africa Europe and America Asia - Pacific

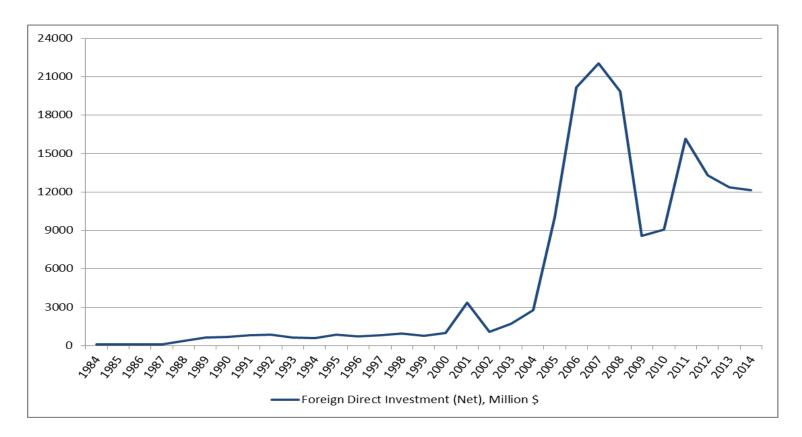


C- INVESTMENTS, FOREIGN CAPITAL and INCENTIVES



Foreign Direct Investment



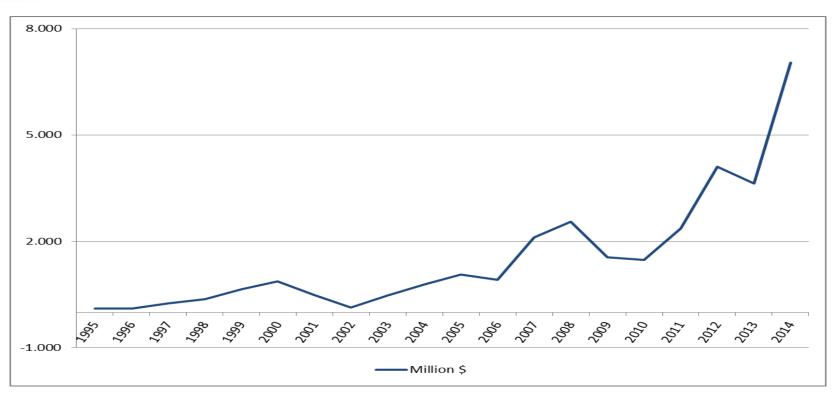


FDI reached 148.75 billion USD in 2003-2014 period, while it was 14.6 billion USD in 1984-2002 period.

FDI decreased 9.6% in 2015 January-June with respect to previous period and reached 6.3 billion USD.



Foreign Direct Investment Abroad



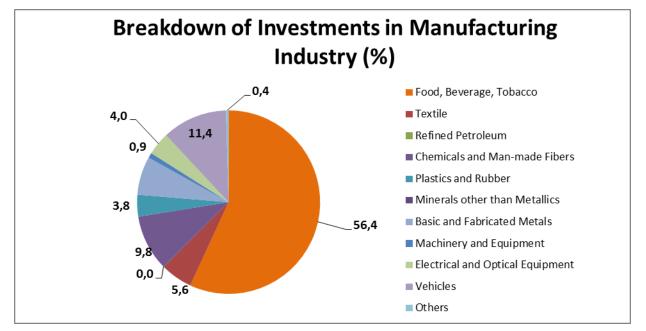
Source: CBRT

- Turkish citizens' direct investments abroad reached 30.2 billion USD from 2003 to date.
- Outward FDI, for the period 2015 January-August, and reached 2.1 billion USD.



(Million \$)	2013	2014	2014*	2015*
AGRICULTURE	47	61	52	5
INDUSTRIAL SECTORS	4,819	4,668	2,979	2,489
Mining and Quarrying	242	449	71	185
Manifacturing	2,207	2,894	2,006	1,027
Production and Distribution of Electricity, Gas,	2,334	1,322	902	1,275
SERVICES SECTOR	5,000	3,979	2,231	1,862
TOTAL	9,866	8,708	5,262	4,356

*January-June



Source: CBRT



Million Dolar	2013	2014*	2015*
1 Russia	875	708	752
2 Netherlands	918	1,686	586
3 China	9	27	388
4 Qatar	469	2	350
5 Malaysia	12	0	317
6 Azerbaijan	803	178	281
7 Luxembourg	278	111	279
8 England	300	797	262
9 Japan	439	127	209
10 Germany	1,968	359	173
11 Belgium	60	26	117
12 Swiss	204	38	93
13 Italy	146	432	92
14 France	217	58	90
15 USA	326	141	76
16 Greece	68	48	49
17 South Korea	61	17	39
18 Austria	647	33	25
19 United Arab Emirates	176	56	21
20 Kuwait	185	24	18
LIST TOTAL	8,161	4,868	4,217
TOTAL	9,866	5,262	4,356

*January-June Source: CBRT

THE OF TOME

The current investment incentive system of Turkey is structured in four sub systems:

- General Investment Incentive System
- Regional Investment Incentive System
- Investment Incentive System for Big Scale Projects
- Incentive System for Strategic Investments

Investment Incentives



Certificates Issued		Amount of Fixed Investment (Million TL)	Potential Employment (People)	
	Total	Total	Total	
2013	4.875	96.435	192.690	
2014	4.043	63.623	144.569	
2015*	2.724	56.903	81.269	

	CERTIFICATES ISSUED								
	Region 1	Region 2	Region 3	Region 4	Region 5	Region 6	Various	TOTAL	
2013	1.762	797	687	508	475	625	26	4.880	
2014	1.453	713	589	447	367	460	17	4.046	
2015*	881	524	401	307	288	317	6	2.724	

*January – July

Source: General Directorate of Incentive Implementation and Foreign Investment



D - FREE ZONES IN TURKEY

August 2015

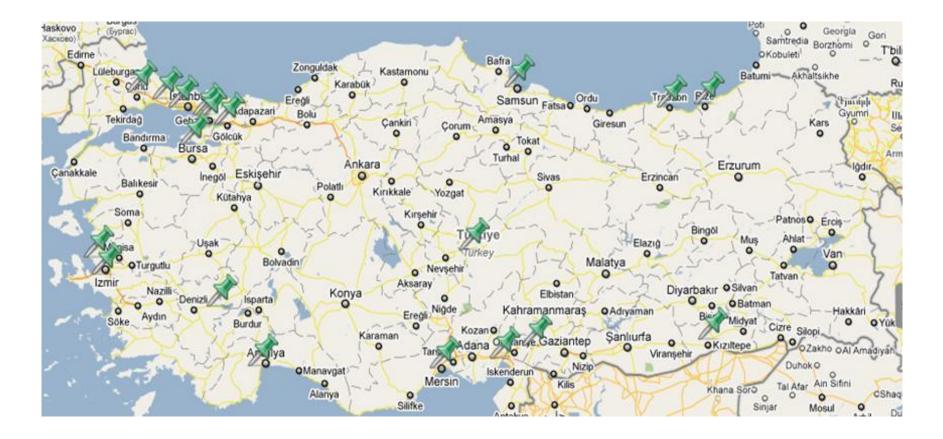


The Advantages of Free Zones for Users

- Tax advantages for manufacturers
- Medium-and long-term investment view
- Availability to transfer profits
- Commercial facilities
- Exemption from customs duties
- Acquisition of the documents relating to the free movement of goods under the scope of Customs Union with the EU
- Principle of equality
- No time restrictions
- Flexibility to adjust to the market needs and conditions
- Reliable inflation accounting
- Market access to domestic and foreign markets
- Reduced bureaucratic procedures and dynamic business management
- Strategic advantages
- Affordable and compatible infrastructure
- Supply chain opportunities







> 61,505 people have been employed in Free Zones of Turkey in 2014.



Million Dollar	2008	2009	2010	2011	2012	2013	2014
From Domestic Market to Free Zones	3,195	2,177	2,295	2,668	2,971	2,887	2,732
From Free Zones to Abroad	5,874	4,913	4,361	6,924	7,071	7,701	7,958
From Abroad to Free Zones	8,248	5,493	6,625	7,253	7,257	7,490	7,059
From Free Zones to Domestic Markets	7,262	5,173	5,291	5,801	5,754	5,162	4,683
TOTAL TRADE VOLUME	24,579	17,756	18,572	22,646	23,053	23,240	22,432

Source: General Directorate of Free Zones, Foreign Investments and Services

In 2014 total trade volume of the Free Zones reached to 22.4 billion dollars, decreasing 3.5% annually.



Istanbul Ataturk Airport FZ	Services and Software
Antalya FZ	Yacht-building, Medical Equipment
Kocaeli FZ	Ship-building
Avrupa FZ	Ready-Wear
Mersin FZ	Ready-Wear
Bursa FZ	Automotive sub-industries
Izmir FZ	Leather
TUBITAK-MAM FZ	R&D Activities
Adana-Yumurtalik FZ	Ship Repair and Maintenance

Source: General Directorate of Free Zones, Foreign Investments and Services



E - BILATERAL, REGIONAL, PLURILATERAL and MULTILATERAL TRADE

August 2015



Bilateral Trade Relationships of Turkey

Europe, Asia-Pacific, Eurasia, Middle East and North Africa, Sub-Saharan Africa, Americas

Regional and Multiple Trade Relationships of Turkey

EU, ECO, D8, BSEC, OIC, COMCEC

> Multilateral Trade Relationships of Turkey

WTO, OECD, G20



1. EFTA (Norway, Switzerland, Iceland, Liechtenstein)

- 2. Israel
- 3. Macedonia
- 4. Bosnia and Herzegovina
- 5. Palestine
- 6. Tunisia
- 7. Morocco
- 8. Syria (**)
- 9. Egypt
- 10. Albania
- (*) Agreements that are in the approval process (**) Pending

- 11. Georgia
- 12. Montenegro
- 13. Serbia
- 14. Chile
- 15. Jordan
- 16. South Korea
- 17. Mauritius
- 18. Lebanon*
- **19. Kosovo***
- 20.Malaysia*
- 21. Moldova*
- 22. Faroe Islands*

FTA Countries



FTA Countries(On-going Negotiations)

- 1. Ghana*
- 2. Ukraine
- 3. Colombia
- 4. Ecuador
- **5. Democratic Republic of the**
- Congo
- 6. Cameroon
- 7. Seychelles

- 8. Gulf Cooperation Council
- 9. Libya
- **10. MERCOSUR**
- 11. Japan
- 12. Singapore
- **13. Peru**
- 14. Mexico

* Negotiations completed.



Trade in Services Aggrement (TISA)

Due to the stumble of Doha Development Round and ambitious targets of top services exporters, TISA negotiations which continue between countries, who makes up 70% of total world services, in order to increase liberalisation in services trade while Turkey is included in the negotiations.

Non Agricultural Market Access (NAMA)

NAMA refering to all products not covered by the WTO-Agreement on Agriculture (manufacturing products, fuels and mining products, fish and fish products, and forestry products) targets to further liberalization on these product by both reducing tariff and non-tariff barriers.

G-20 Presidency

The G-20 economies consisting of USA, Germany, Argentina, the European Union Australia, Brazil, China, Indonesia, France, South Africa, South Korea, India, Britain, Italy, Japan, Canada, Mexico, Russia, Saudi Arabia and Turkey represent approximately 90% of the World GDP, 80% of the world trade, and two-thirds of the world population. The presidency of the G-20 rotates annually and Turkey is assuming the presidency of the G-20 in 2015.



(Million \$)	2013	2014	Change (%)	Share (%) (2014)	2014*	2015*	Change (%)	Share (%) (2014)
EU-28	63,040	68,519	8.7	43.5	34,762	31,292	-10.0	47.3
CIS	16,924	15,618	-7.7	9.9	7,534	5,418	-28.1	10.2
EFTA	1,662	3,795	128.4	2.4	2,825	4,364	54.5	3.8
Economic Cooperation Organization	11,898	11,718	-1.5	7.4	5,175	4,992	-3.5	7.0
Organization of Islamic Cooperation	49,371	48,629	-1.5	30.9	24,487	22,442	-8.4	33.3
Black Sea Economic								
Cooperation	20,368	19,688	-3.3	12.5	9,620	7,215	-25.0	13.1
FTA Countries**	14,942	17,628	18.0	11.2	7,143	6,436	-9.9	9.7
OECD	68,684	76,680	11.6	48.6	39,572	38,299	-3.2	53.8
Turkic Republics	6,908	7,109	2.9	4.5	3,355	2,800	-16.5	4.6
General Total	151,803	157,620	3.8	100	73,512	80,067	8.9	100.0

Source: TURKSTAT

* January –June

** Except Lebanon and Kosovo

In January- June 2015, our exports to EFTA countries increased by 54,5% annually and the EFTA Countries became the fastest growing export destination of the regions above.

August 2015



154 trade representatives from theMinistryareservingin110countries,160locationsand5offices abroad.

Locations of Trade Representatives

